

Proper Care and Maintenance Guide

To properly clean a reglazed surface, you should use mild, non-abrasive cleaners like dish soap, diluted white vinegar, or specific bathroom cleaners. Avoid harsh chemicals, abrasive pads, and scrubbing brushes, as they can damage the refinished surface.

1. Choose the Right Cleaners:

Mild dish soaps: These are safe and effective for general cleaning.

White vinegar: A natural cleaner that can dissolve soap scum and hard water deposits.

Non-abrasive bathroom cleaners: Look for cleaners that specifically state they are safe for refinished surfaces.

DIY mixture: Combine warm water and a few drops of dish soap or white vinegar.

2. Avoid Harsh Chemicals and Abrasives:

Bleach and ammonia: These can damage the reglazed surface.

Abrasive cleansers: Products like Comet or Soft Scrub can scratch and dull the finish.

Scratching pads: Steel wool, scrubbing sponges, and abrasive brushes can damage the reglazed surface.

3. Cleaning Procedure:

Rinse: Rinse the surface with warm water to remove any loose dirt or debris.

Apply cleaner: Apply your chosen cleaner to the surface.

Gentle scrubbing: Use a soft cloth or sponge to gently scrub the surface.

Rinse thoroughly: Rinse the surface thoroughly with warm water to remove all traces of cleaner.

Dry: Wipe the surface dry with a microfiber cloth or towel.

4. Regular Maintenance:

Wipe down after use:

Regularly wipe down the reglazed surface after each use to prevent soap scum and water spots from building up.

Clean regularly:

Clean the reglazed surface at least once a week to keep it looking its best.

Avoid leaving objects on the surface:

Do not leave soap dishes, bottles, or other objects on the reglazed surface for extended periods.

5. Specific Products to Avoid:

Abrasive cream cleansers: Even those marketed as "soft" can damage the finish.

Magic Erasers: These can also damage the refinished surface.

Drain openers and tile grout cleaners: These often contain acids that can damage the surface.